Silicon ladders

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Introduction

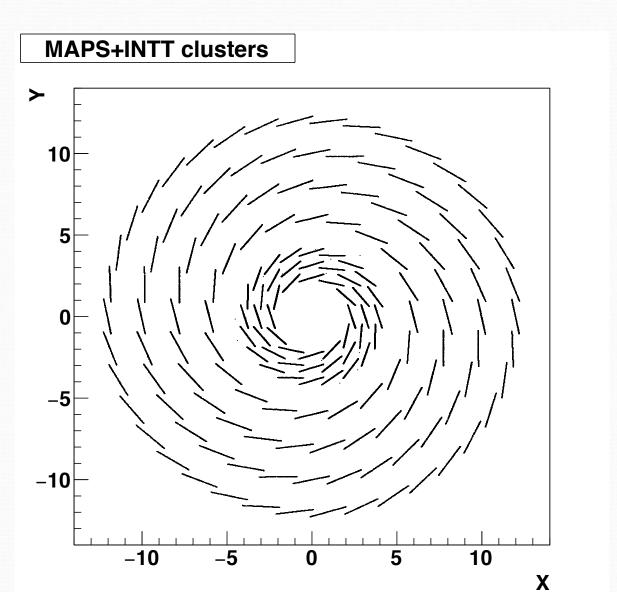
We now have models in G4 of the MAPS and INTT ladders.

The MAPS ladders are copied from ALICE.

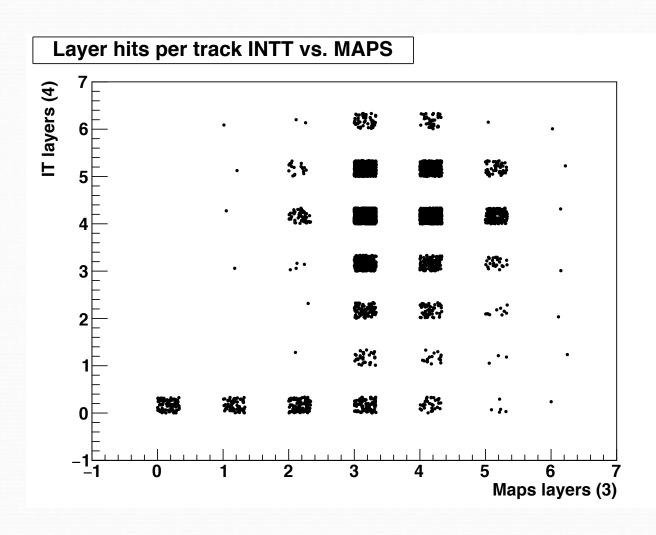
The INTT ladder model was coded by Gaku.

Here is a first look at results, using single Upsilon events.

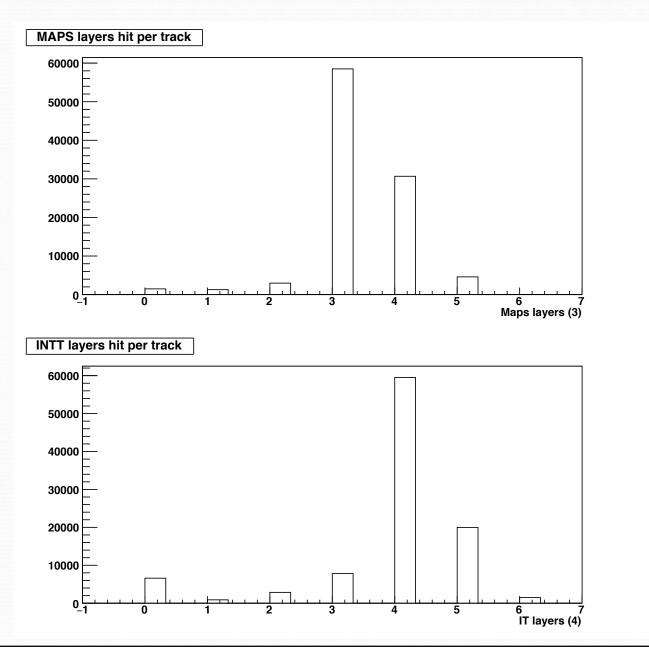
Cluster distributions



MAPS vs INTT hits per track



Layers hit per track



Interpretation of # of hit layers per track

MAPS:

- 3 layer hits per track: 58,000
- 4 layer hits per track: 30,000
- 34% of tracks hit more than one sensor in a ladder

INTT:

- 4 layer hits per track: 60,000
- 5 layer hits per track: 20,000
- 25% of tracks hit more than one sensor in a ladder

Naively, suggests MAPS is roughly 34% thicker and INTT is roughly 25% thicker due to azimuthal overlaps

Tracking performance - mass resolution

Default tracking - no track refitting yet.

	INTT thickness Y(1S) ΔM	
Configuration	(% rad length)	(MeV)
maps ladders+TPC	0	81.1 +/- 1.0
maps ladders+INTT ladders (1 layer)+TPC	1.01	84.8 +/- 1.2
maps ladders+INTT ladders (2 layer)+TPC	2.02	90.7 +/- 1.7
maps ladders+INTT ladders (3 layer)+TPC	3.03	100.0 +/- 1.8
maps ladders+INTT ladders (4 layer)+TPC	4.04	105.7 +/- 2.4

Summary/Conclusions

Ladder models of MAPS and INTT are working

- Default tracking only, so far
- Still need to try track refitting (Haiwang)
- Still have to look at pattern recognition in Hijing events

Thickness is a problem:

- The ladder model is thicker than the cylinder model because of azimuthal overlaps of the staves
- With default tracking the Y(1S) mass resolution is definitely too large for 4 INTT layers, and probably too large for 3 INTT layers
- We have to see if track refitting improves this